

Programa Cooperación Farma-Biotech
9º encuentro (4 de julio de 2013)

New Pharmacological Target for Fragile X Syndrome and Related Cognitive Disorders



Barcelona, 4 de julio de 2013



Programa Cooperación Farma-Biotech

9º encuentro (4 de julio de 2013)

1. The Research Group

2. The Product

3. Partnering Opportunities

Programa Cooperación Farma-Biotech

9º encuentro (4 de julio de 2013)

1. The Research Group

- **Name:** Laboratory of Neuropharmacology-NeuroPhar, Dpt. Health&Experimental Sciences, Universitat Pompeu Fabra, Barcelona
- **Director:** Rafael MALDONADO (>230 papers in international journals, including *Nature*, *Science*, *Nature Medicine*, *Nature Neuroscience*, *Nature Genetics*, among others)
- **Collaborating companies:** Pharmaceutical (e.g. Esteve, Ferrer) and biotech (e.g. Panlab, Pharmaleads, BrainCo, Janus Developments)
- **Funding sources:** 72% (1 M€) PUBLIC - 28 (0.4 M€) % PRIVATE (2012)
- **Mission:** Our main interest is the development of research lines aimed at the identification of **new therapeutic targets at the nervous system level**, with a particular focus on cognitive and affective (depression and anxiety) disorders, chronic pain, eating disorders and drug addiction

Programa Cooperación Farma-Biotech

9º encuentro (4 de julio de 2013)

1. The Research Group

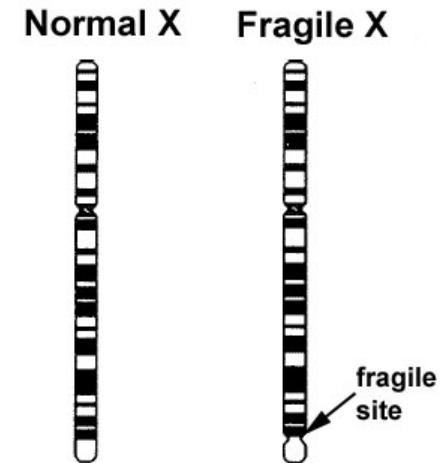
1. Pain models in rodents
 - 1.1. Nociceptive models
 - 1.2. Inflammatory, neuropathic and osteoarthritic models
 - 1.3. Operant models (80 operant cages for rodents)
2. Anxiety models in rodents
 - 2.1. Non-operant models
 - 2.2. Operant models
3. Depression models in rodents
 - 3.1. Acute models
 - 3.2. Chronic Unpredictable Mild Stress Paradigm
4. Dependence models in rodents
 - 4.1. Non-operant models
 - 4.2. Operant models
5. Cognitive models in rodents
 - 5.1. Non-operant models
 - 5.2. Operant models
7. Neurochemical models and *in vivo* microdialysis in rodents
8. Microsurgery techniques in rodents

2. The Product: Target Indications

- Cognitive deficits: we have reached a proof of concept for the Fragile X Syndrome (Busquets-Garcia et al., *Nature Medicine* 19:603, 2013)



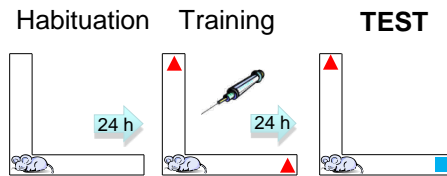
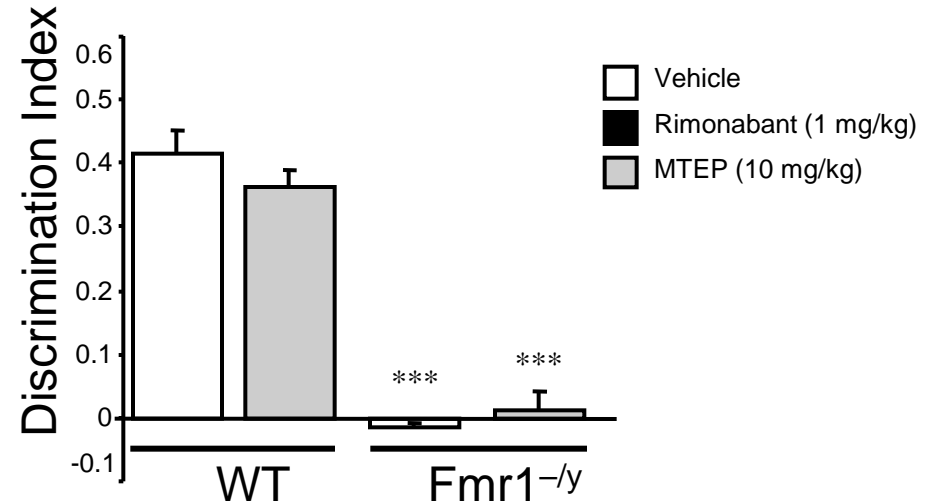
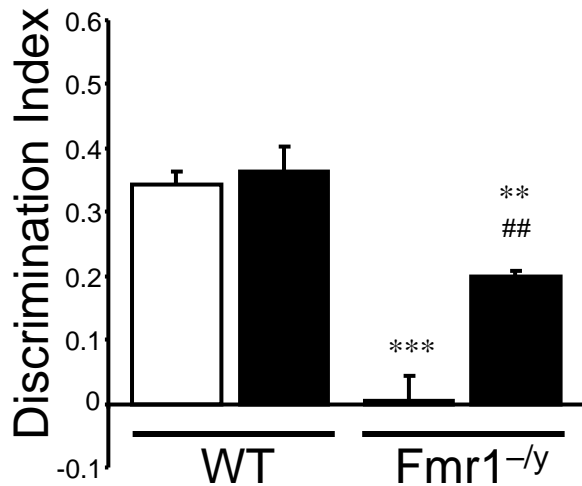
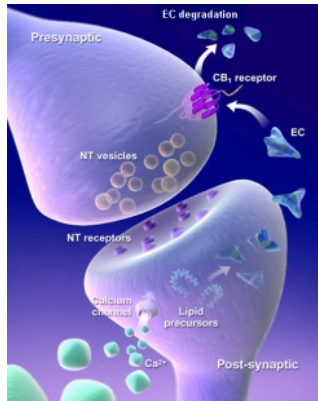
- Physical changes (long faces, muscular hipotony)
- Learning and memory impairments
- Social and anxiety-like problems
- Impaired dendritic spines and synaptic plasticity
- Incidence: 1:4,000 males and 1:6,000 females



2. The Product: Innovative mechanisms of action

Rescuing the cognitive deficit in Fragile X Syndrome mouse model

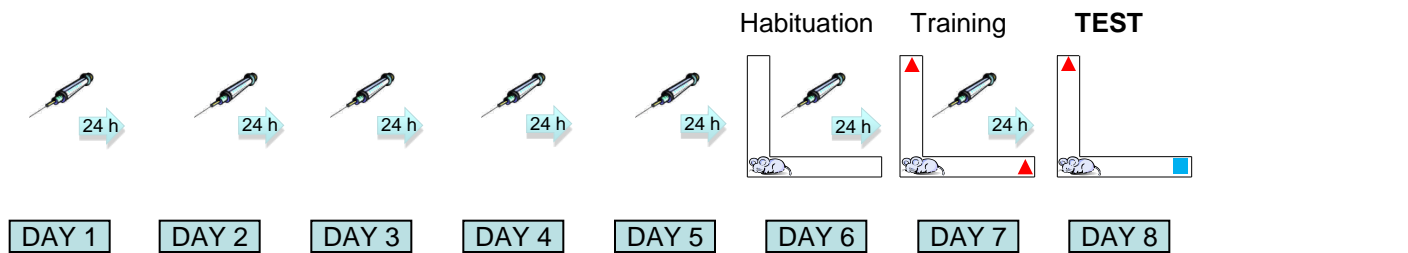
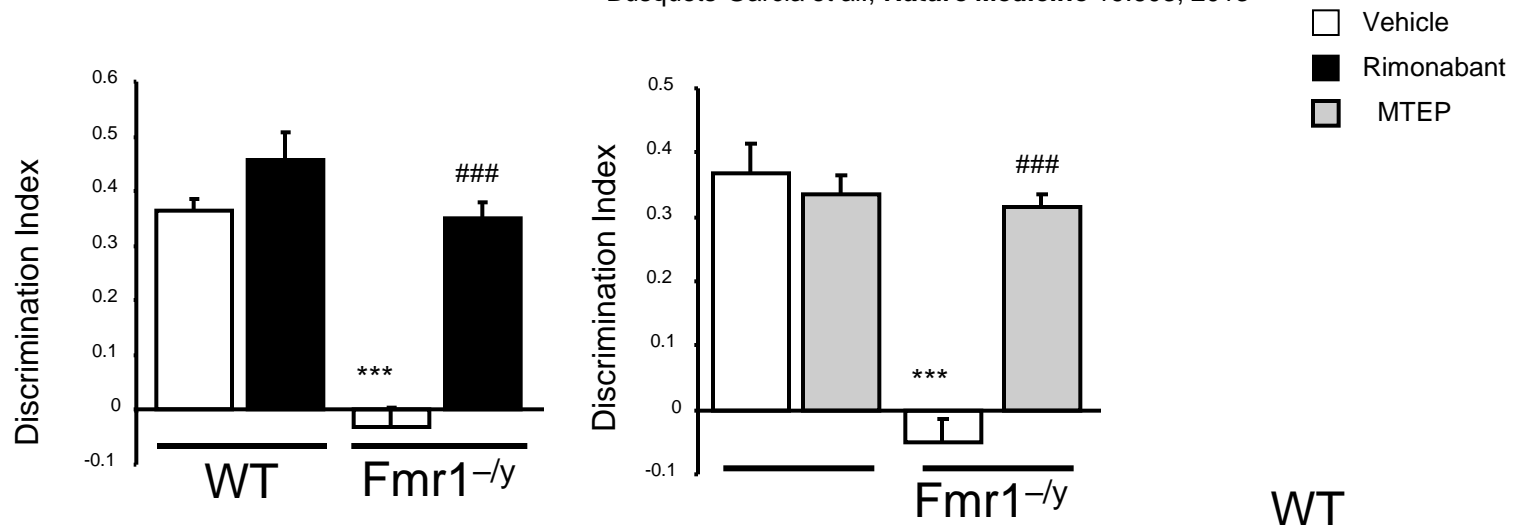
Busquets-Garcia et al., *Nature Medicine* 19:603, 2013



2. The Product: Innovative mechanisms of action

Rescuing the cognitive deficit in Fragile X Syndrome mouse model

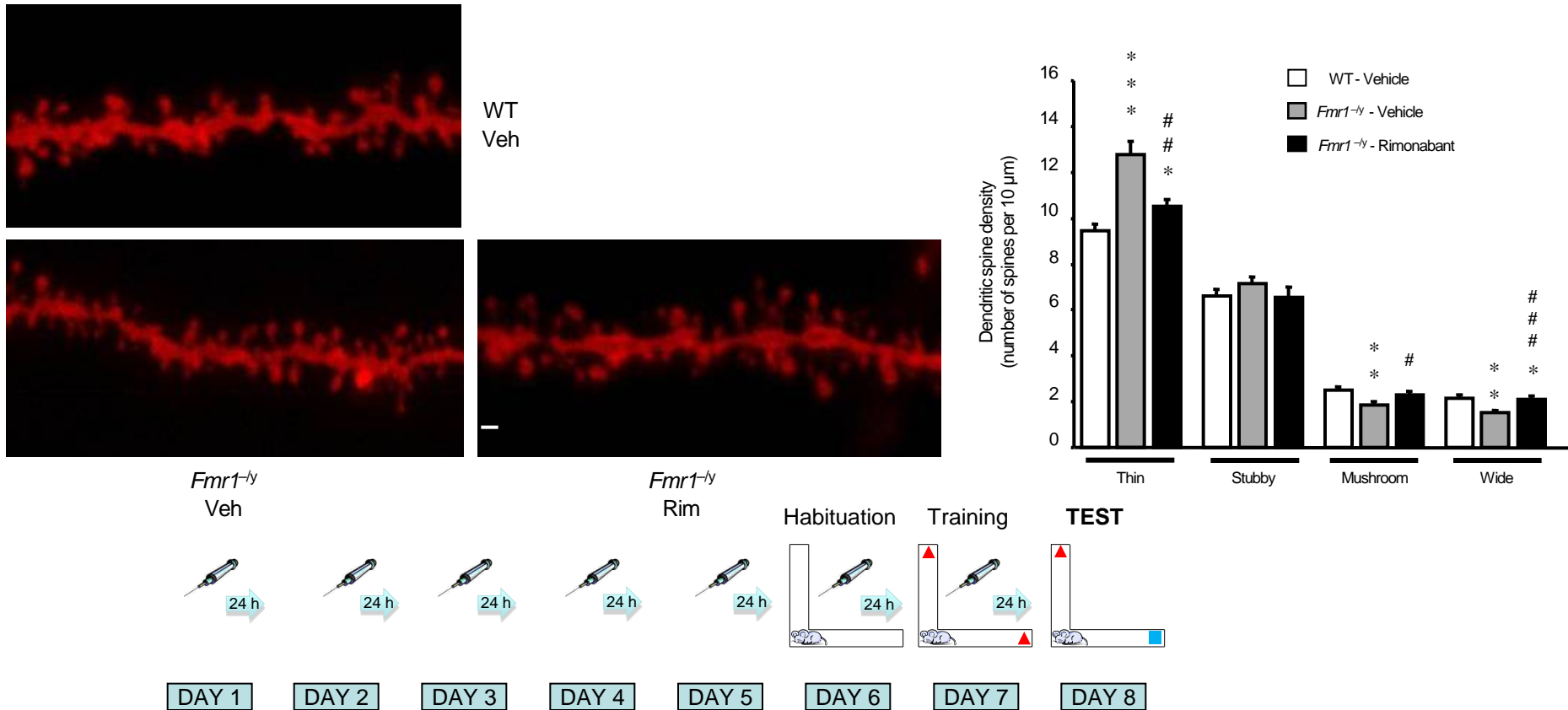
Busquets-Garcia et al., *Nature Medicine* 19:603, 2013



2. The Product: Innovative mechanisms of action

Rescuing the cognitive deficit in Fragile X Syndrome mouse model

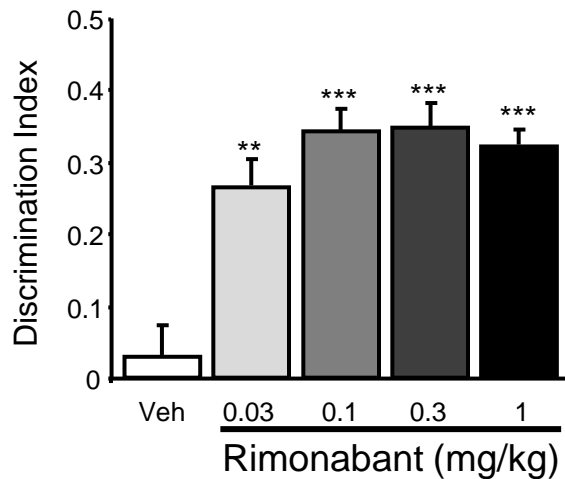
Busquets-Garcia et al., *Nature Medicine* 19:603, 2013



2. The Product: Innovative mechanisms of action

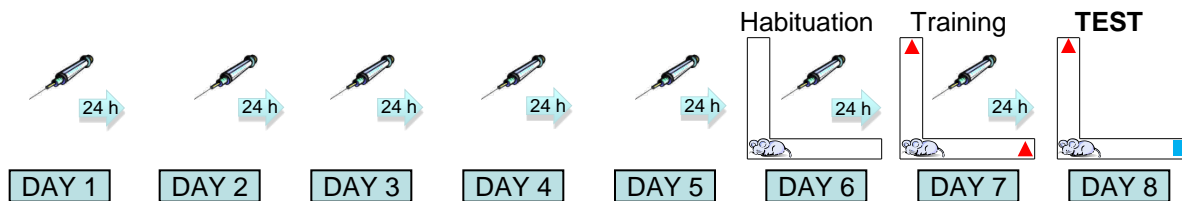
Rescuing the cognitive deficit in Fragile X Syndrome mouse model

Busquets-Garcia et al., *Nature Medicine* 19:603, 2013



Rimonabant

	HUMAN	MOUSE	
	20 mg/day ACOMPLIA Metabolic Effectiveness In humans	4 mg/kg Metabolic effectiveness in rodents	Serious secondary adverse effects
	5 mg/day	1 mg/kg	Few adverse effects detected
	0.5 mg/day	0.1 mg/kg	



2. The Product: Innovative mechanisms of action

- The partial **blockade** of the endocannabinoid system has not been used yet as a pharmacological target for treating cognitive deficits involving dendritic spines alterations
- Using a **low dose** of a CB1 cannabinoid receptor antagonist has beneficial effects on the cognitive deficits in these genetic models: a 20 mg pill (Acomplia) would be reduced to around 0.5 mg pill

2. The Product: Differential features facing the market

1. Possibility of treatment of orphan diseases with already available and/or new drugs
 2. Low drug doses devoid of side-effects
 3. Clinically well characterized pharmacological target
- Present pharmacological drugs under **clinical trials** are:
 - mGluR5 antagonist AFQ056 (*Novartis*)
 - mGluR5 antagonist RO4917523 (*Roche*)
 - GABA_B agonist STX209 (*Seaside*)
 - No treatment available so far

2. The Product: Current status of development

- **Dose-response curve** for the different manifestations of the cognitive impairment (doses from 0.03 to 1 mg/kg in mice show a significant improvement in memory)
- **Proof of concept in other murine disease models** with cognitive impairment

2. The Product: IPR protection

- #PCT/EP2013/055728, Priority date: 19/03/2013

2. The Product: Pitfalls & Risks to be considered

- Transfer from mouse to human
- Treatment of infants
- Putative secondary effects (dose-related)

3. Partnering Opportunities

- We are now performing further preclinical assays to complement the results obtained so far (proof-of-concept), including other disease models sharing common features with FXS.
- The main outcome will be the validation of the new target for the reprofiling of existing drugs or for the development of new drugs for FXS and related diseases.
- To validate the target identification and the technology employed we would need co-funding from investors or possible licensees.

Programa Cooperación Farma-Biotech

9º encuentro (4 de julio de 2013)



THANK YOU!